

Searches of new physics in the final state

$$b\tau_{HP_T^{\text{miss}}}$$

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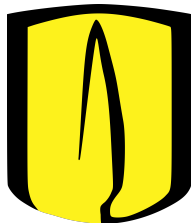
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Standard model of particle physics

The Standard Model of particle physics explains the interactions between the different type of particles in nature.

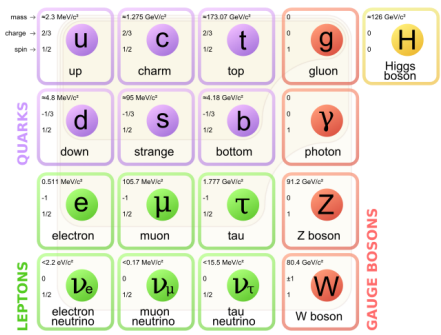
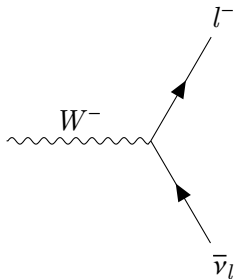


Figure: Particles in the standard model.

The Lepton Universality

If we have a process where $m_\tau \ll E$ then we can ignore the τ 's mass, the 3 charged leptons will start to look very similar.

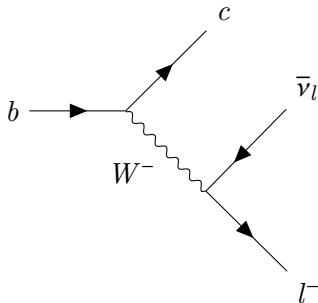


The standard model predicts that in a semi-leptonic decay of a B -meson, the Branching ratio should be the same for each lepton. ¹

¹S. Weinberg, The quantum theory of fields. 1995

The $R_{D^{(*)}}$ Anomaly

But instead the relation between the decay to a τ and other charged lepton it's enhanced by roughly 30%².



$$R_{D^{(*)}} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} l \bar{\nu}_l)} \quad (1)$$

²M. Huschle, T. Kuhr, M. Heck, P. Goldenzweig, A. Abdesselam.

Measurement of the branching ratio of $\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ relative to $\mathcal{B}(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} l \bar{\nu}_l)$



The Crossing Symmetry

In particle physics if an interaction like

$$A + B \rightarrow C + D \quad (2)$$

is observed, related interactions can be anticipated from the fact that any of the particles can be replaced by its antiparticle on the other side of the interaction ³.

$$\begin{aligned} A &\rightarrow \bar{B} + C + D \\ A + \bar{C} &\rightarrow \bar{B} + D \\ \bar{C} &\rightarrow \bar{A} + \bar{B} + D \\ \bar{C} + \bar{D} &\rightarrow \bar{A} + \bar{B} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

³Michael Peskin. An introduction to quantum field theory. CRC press, 2018

Sequential Standard Model's W'

Considering the Crossing Symmetry a alternative consideration can be made in order to explain the $R_{D^{(*)}}$

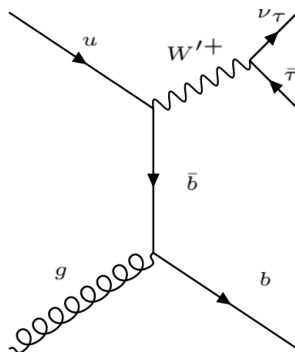


Figure: pp Collision with a final state of b, τ, ν mediated by a W' .

Effective Field Theory

In the case there is a heavier mediator that cannot be produced on-shell at the LHC, the “*Low Energy*” phenomenology can be studied as an EFT

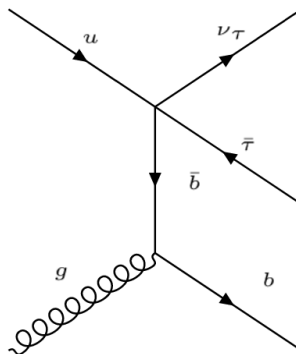


Figure: pp Collision with a final state of b, τ, ν with a punctual interaction

Leptoquark

In the case of the Leptoquark (LQ) different models were tested. The best results came from considering a vectorial mediator named in literature as U_1 . Where the LQ couples to the up type quarks and the neutral leptons, and to the down type quarks in company with the charged leptons.

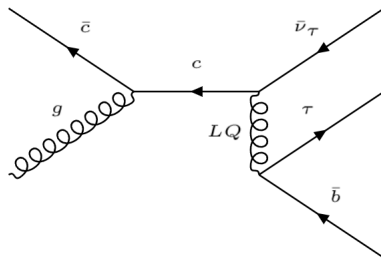


Figure: pp Collision with a final state of b, τ, ν Mediated via a LQ.



The Simulation

Different simulations were made for each signal (W' , EFT and LQ) and backgrounds ($t\bar{t}$ semileptonic, $W + \text{Jets}$ and $Z + \text{Jets}$).

The software used were:

- ① **MadGraph5** for parton simulation and cross section calculation.
- ② **Pythia8** for hadronization simulation process
- ③ **Delphes** for detectors response emulation.



Simulation and Cross Section

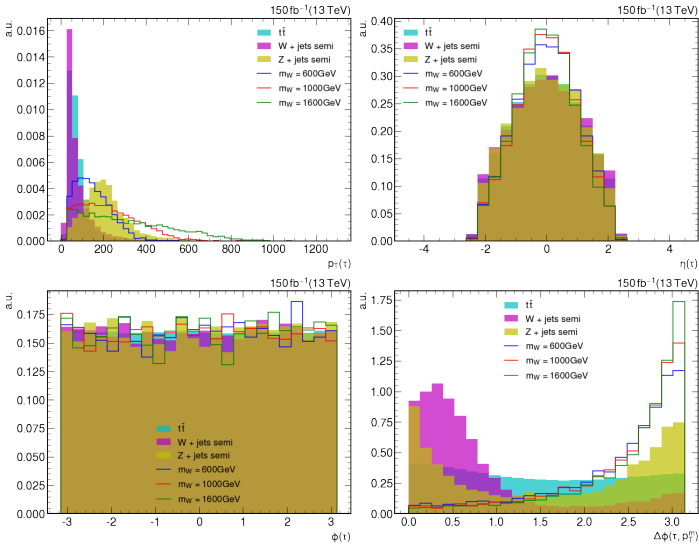
Simulations' Models were made according with the reference ⁴.

Model	Parameters	Cross Section(pb)
W'	$m_{W'} = 6 \times 10^2 \text{ GeV}$	5.25
	$m_{W'} = 1 \times 10^3 \text{ GeV}$	0.45
	$m_{W'} = 1.6 \times 10^3 \text{ GeV}$	0.03
EFT	$\epsilon_l^{cb} = 1.0$	0.13
	$\epsilon_{sL}^{cb} = 1.0$	0.08
	$\epsilon_t^{cb} = 1.0$	0.71
LQ	$m_L Q = 1 \times 10^3 \text{ GeV}$	0.02
	$m_L Q = 2 \times 10^3 \text{ GeV}$	3×10^{-4}
	$m_L Q = 3 \times 10^3 \text{ GeV}$	9.82×10^{-6}

⁴A. Greljo, J. M. Camalich, and J. D. Ruiz- Alvarez, Mono- τ signatures at the lhc constrain explanations of b-decay anomalies, Physical review letters122, 131803 (2019)



Kinematics





Significances

A baseline selection was made according to the reference ⁵ requesting events that satisfies.

Criterion	Selection
$N(\tau_h)$	> 0
$ \eta_\tau $	≤ 2.3
Veto $2^{\text{nd}} - \tau_h$	$p_T > 50 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta < 2.3$
$N_{e/\mu}$ with $p_T(e/\mu) > 15 \text{ GeV}$	$= 0$
$N_{\text{b-jets}}$	$= 1$
$p_T(\text{b})$	$> 20 \text{ GeV}$
$ \eta_{\text{b-jets}} $	< 2.5

Table: Baseline selection criteria common for the 3 different models.

⁵Mohammad Abdullah, Julian Calle, Bhaskar Dutta, Andres Florez, and Diego Restrepo. Probing a simplified W model of $R_{D^{(*)}}$ anomalies using b tags, τ leptons, and missing energy. *Physical Review D*, 98(5):055016, 2018.



Analysis parameters

In order to maximize the statistical significance

$$Z = \frac{N_s}{\sqrt{N_s + N_b}} \quad (4)$$

straight cuts are made to be above:

Parameter	W'	EFT	LQ
$p_T(\tau)$	250 GeV	200 GeV	300 GeV
$ \Delta\phi(\tau, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}}) $	2	2.0	1
p_T^{miss}	200 GeV	300 GeV	400 GeV

Table: Parameters Table.



τ Transverse Mass (W')

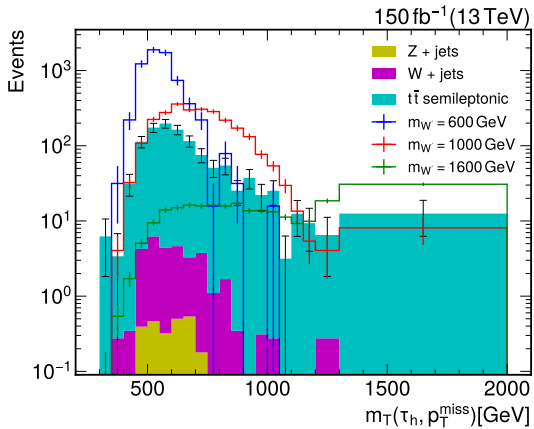


Figure: τ_h Transverse Mass



$\tau, b, p_T^{\text{miss}}$ Total Mass(EFT)

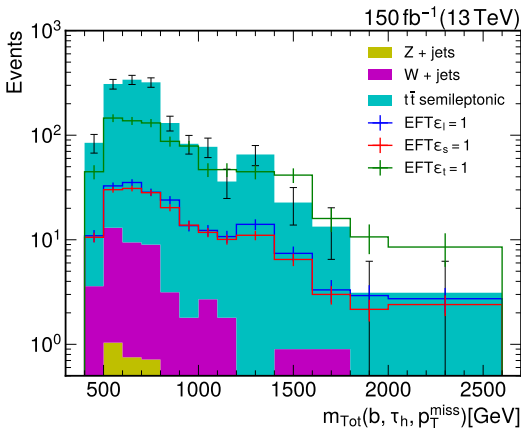
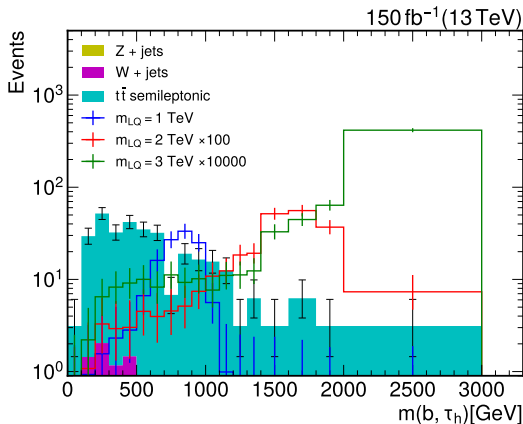


Figure: Total Mass between τ_h, b, MET

b, τ_h Invariant Mass ($U1_{LQ}$)

 Figure: Invariant Mass between τ_h and b

Significances at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

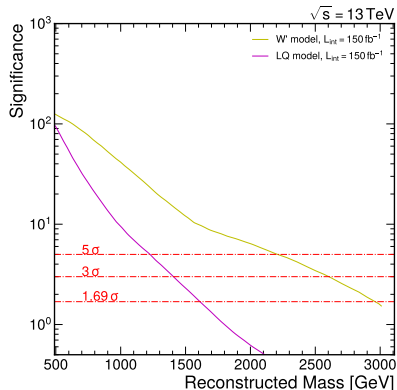


Figure: W' and LQ masses in the horizontal axis, and the Significance in the vertical axis. The horizontal lines are the 1.69σ , 3σ exclusion value and the 5σ for NP.

Significances at 13.6 TeV

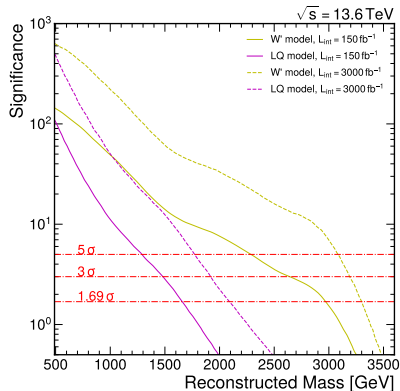


Figure: W' and LQ masses in the horizontal axis, and the Significance in the vertical axis. The horizontal lines are the 1.69σ , 3σ exclusion value and the 5σ for NP.

EFT Significance

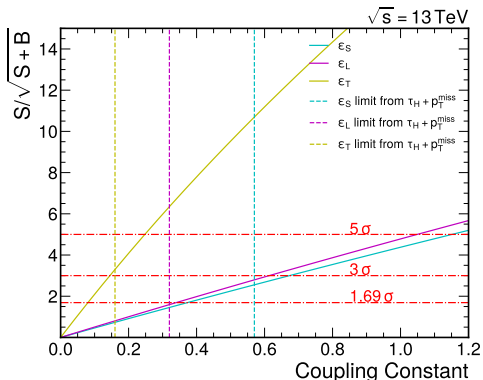


Figure: EFT coupling values in the horizontal axis, and the Significance Z in the vertical axis. The horizontal lines are the exclusion and NP values.



Conclusions and projections

- ❑ This proposal covers a new signature which must exist if a W' is the responsible for the $R_{(*)}$ anomalies.
- ❑ The signature considered in this work is a novel signature to search for LQs with more sensitivity to other similar studies related with LQs and τ s.
- ❑ In the EFT channel, the limits reached using $b + \tau_h + p_T^{\text{miss}}$ signature are competitive with the $\tau_h + p_T^{\text{miss}}$ results.
- ❑ An analysis for the same final state could be developed with ML techniques in order to compare the scope with that achieved in this modular analysis.
- ❑ The search can be made at an experimental level in colliding experiments as CMS or ATLAS.



Thank you!