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Entanglement and dynamical scaling laws in quantum superabsorption

Friday, 17 April 2026 14:30 (20 minutes)

In this talk, we explore the superabsorption effect in quantum batteries, which exploit collective quantum resources to surpass the limits of classical energy storage and power delivery. We analyse N -qubit cavity-coupled quantum batteries governed by Dicke and Tavis-Cummings models under Gaussian driving and open-system dynamics. Finite-size scaling laws $O(N) \sim N^\alpha$ demonstrate an optimal region of relaxation and dephasing in which coherent driving stabilises entanglement entropy growth for thermodynamic observables (maximum energy E_{\max} , charging time τ , and maximum power P_{\max}) and for qubit and cavity entanglement entropies. The Dicke model exhibits entropy-suppressed extensive behaviour, while the Tavis-Cummings model achieves super-extensive scaling ($\alpha_{E_{\max}} \in [1.08, 1.26]$, $\alpha_T \simeq -0.49$, $\alpha_{P_{\max}} \in [1.57, 1.73]$), supported by qubit-cavity entanglement.

We demonstrate that dissipation can act as a stabiliser source, yielding scaling benchmarks relevant to several experimental platforms. Our findings connect entanglement, dissipation-enhanced scaling laws, and superabsorption, outlining a pathway towards scalable quantum batteries that offer practical quantum advantage.

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