

# Cosmic ray simulations - CORSIKA

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UNIANDES PARTICLE  
DETECTOR SCHOOL  
DECEMBER 13 - DECEMBER 15



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# Why do we **measure** cosmic rays?

Study high energy particles interactions

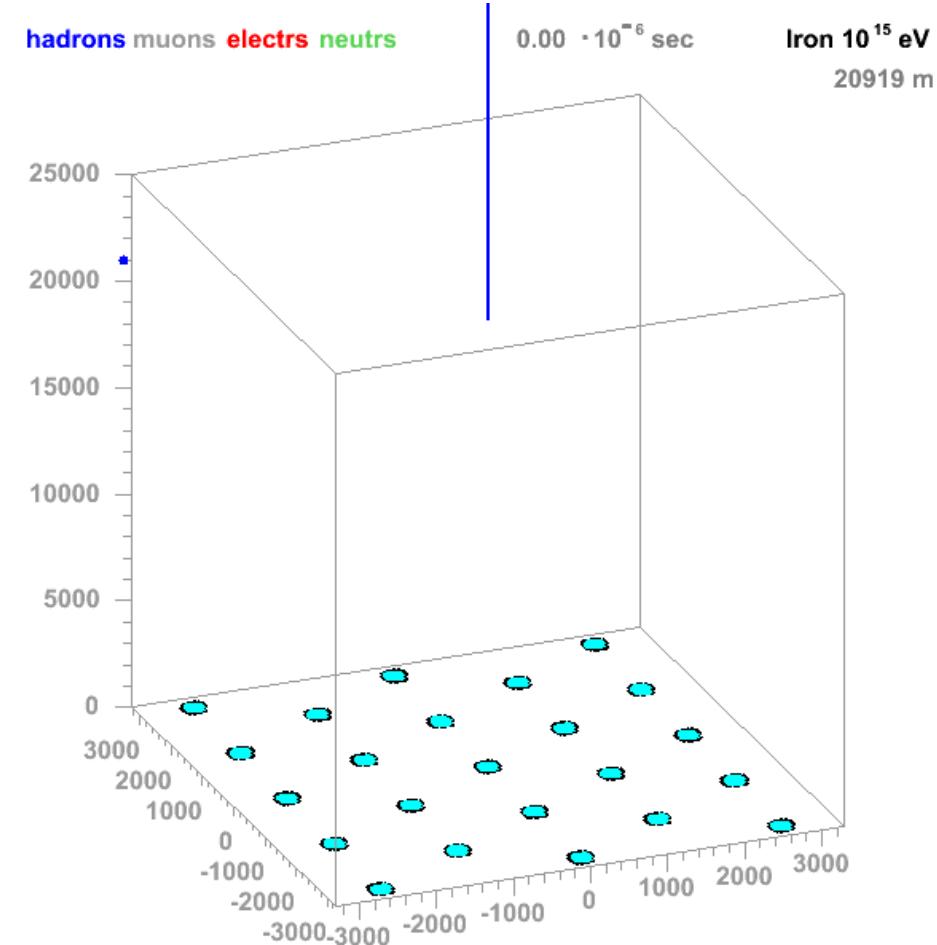
Distinguish between different types of particles (energy dependence)

Measure energy and direction of the primary particle (identification)

# Why do we **simulate** cosmic rays?

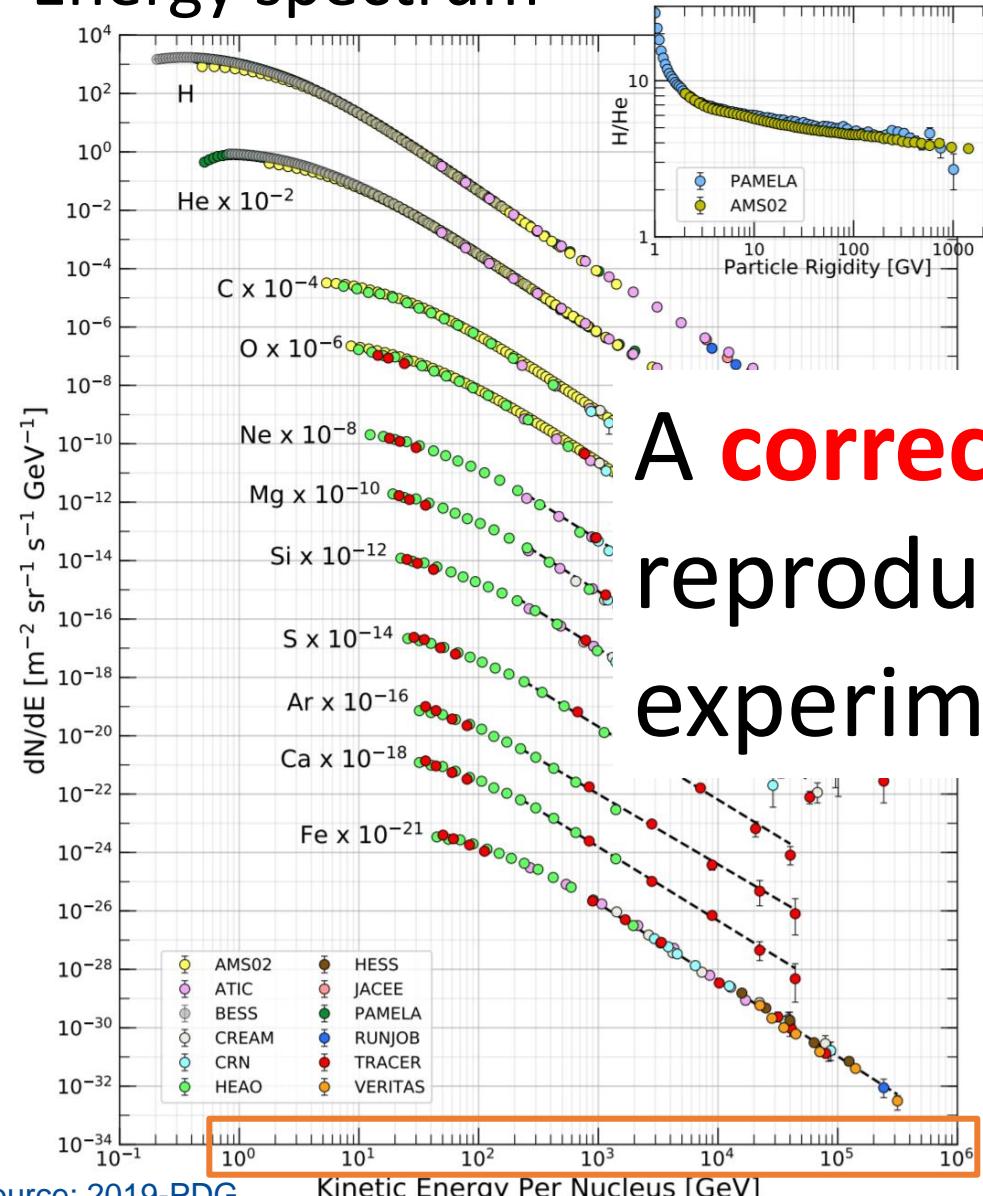
The only technique to study cosmic rays  
is by indirectly measuring the **extensive  
air showers**

Need a “good” enough model to describe  
the many inter-dependent sub-processes

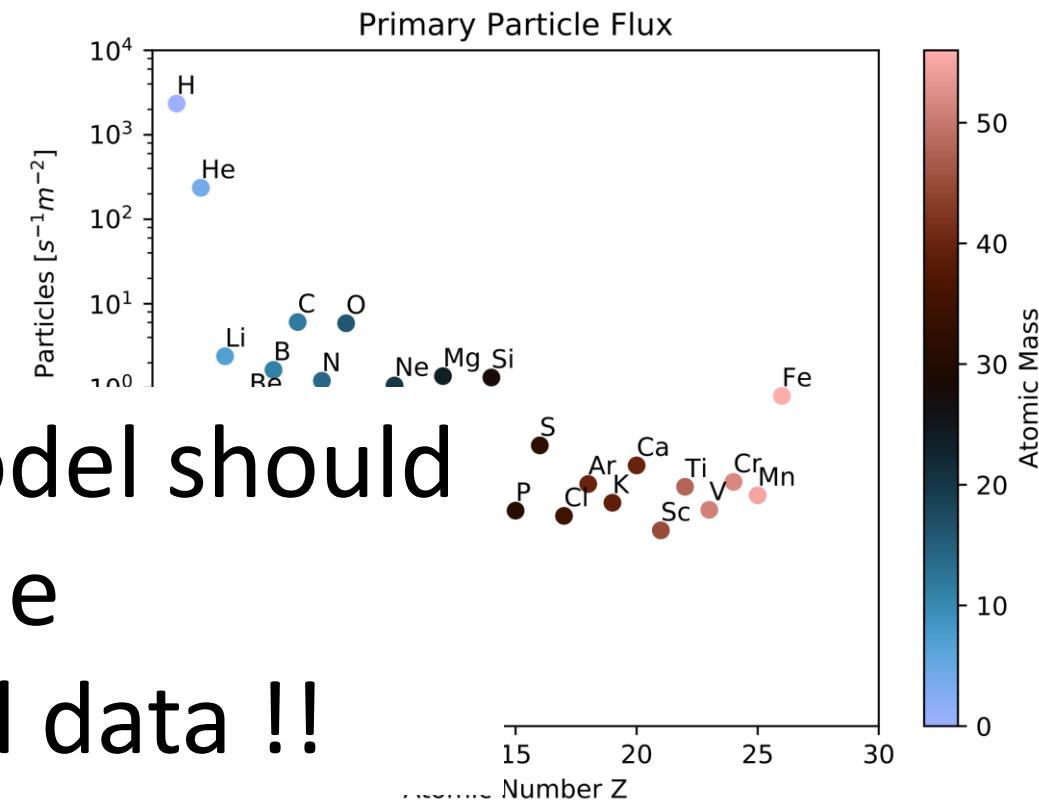


# Some issues

## Energy spectrum



A **correct** model should  
reproduce the  
experimental data !!



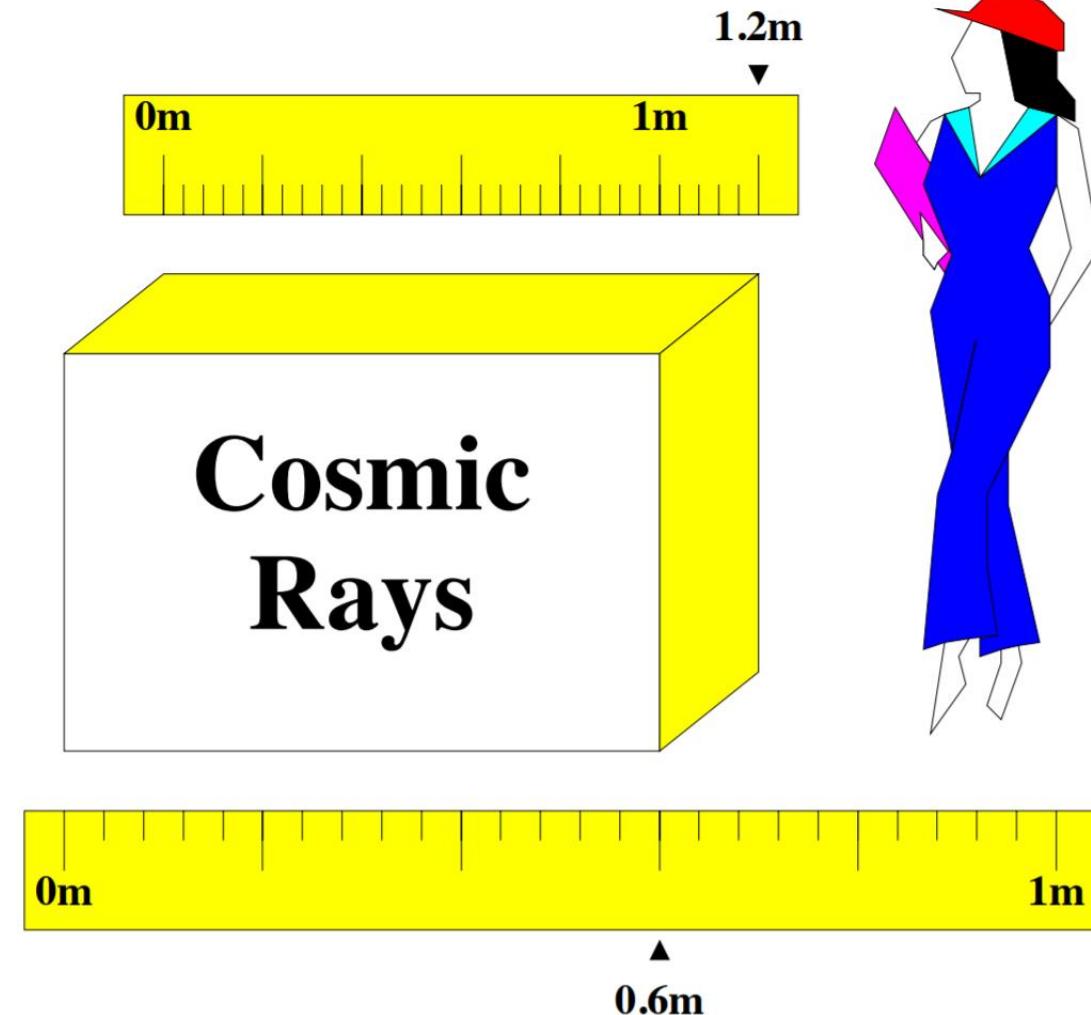
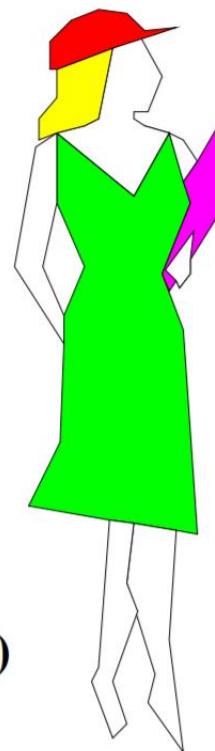
1 shower of  $10^{20}$ eV:  
~10 sub-showers of  $10^{19}$ eV  
~ $10^6$  sub-showers of 100 TeV  
~ $10^{11}$  sub-showers of 1 GeV

# Some issues

1997

$\sim 10^{20} eV$

**Fly's Eye:**  
**The box is 0.6m wide**  
**(Composition changes)**



**AGASA:**  
**The box is 1.2m wide**  
**(Composition unchanged)**

**Akeno Giant Air  
Shower Array**

Source: J.Knapp – Air shower  
simulations with CORSIKA.  
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/719824/timetable/>

# Some issues

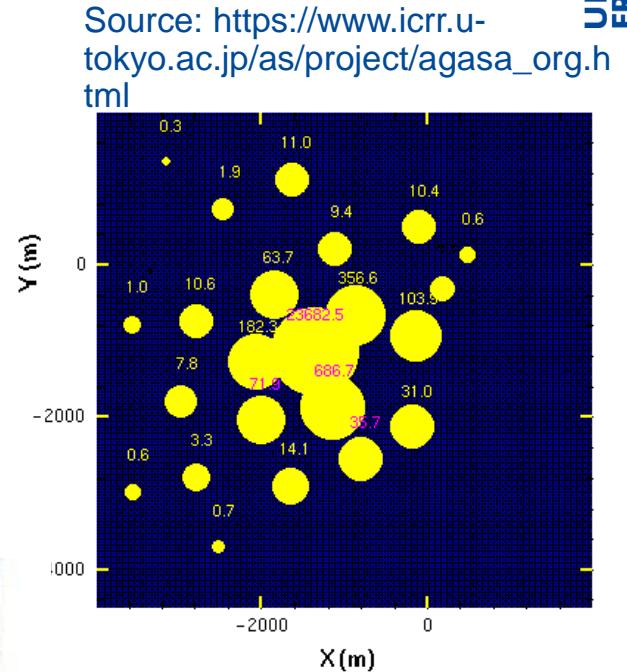
## What is needed?

Use the **same ruler** to get consistent results in **different experiments**.

The ruler used should be **reliable** to get **correct results**



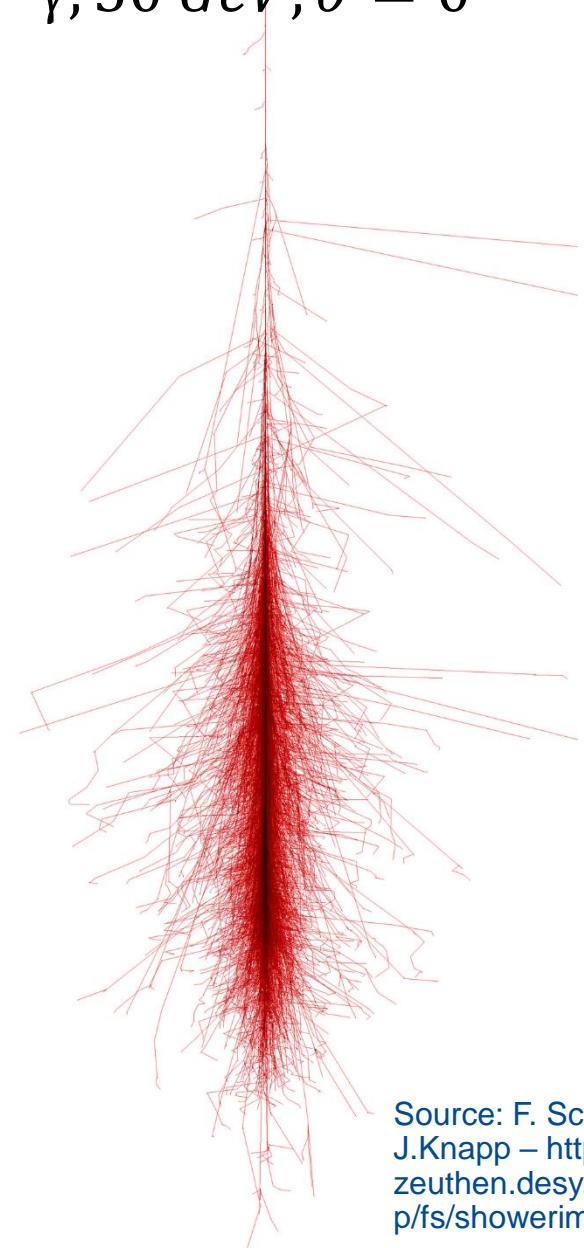
Source:  
<https://www.nature.com/articles/452264b>



$\gamma, 50 \text{ GeV}, \theta = 0^\circ$

## Cosmic Ray Simulation for KASCADE

**KASCADE:** an experiment to measure  
the **composition of cosmic rays** in  
Karlsruhe (Germany) 1997-2009



Source: F. Schmidt,  
J.Knapp – <https://www-zeuthen.desy.de/~jknap/p/fs/showerimages.html>

“Full” description of a cosmic ray’s extensive air shower (4D)

EM model: **EGS4**

+ many extensions:

Low energy hadronic models:

**FLUKA**

**UrQMD**

**GHEISHA**

High energy hadronic models:

**QGSJET**

**EPOS-LHC**

**DPMJET**

**SIBYLL**

**CONEX** (cascade eq.)

**PARALLEL**

**CoREAS** (radio signal)

**COAST** (Corsika data AccesS Tool)

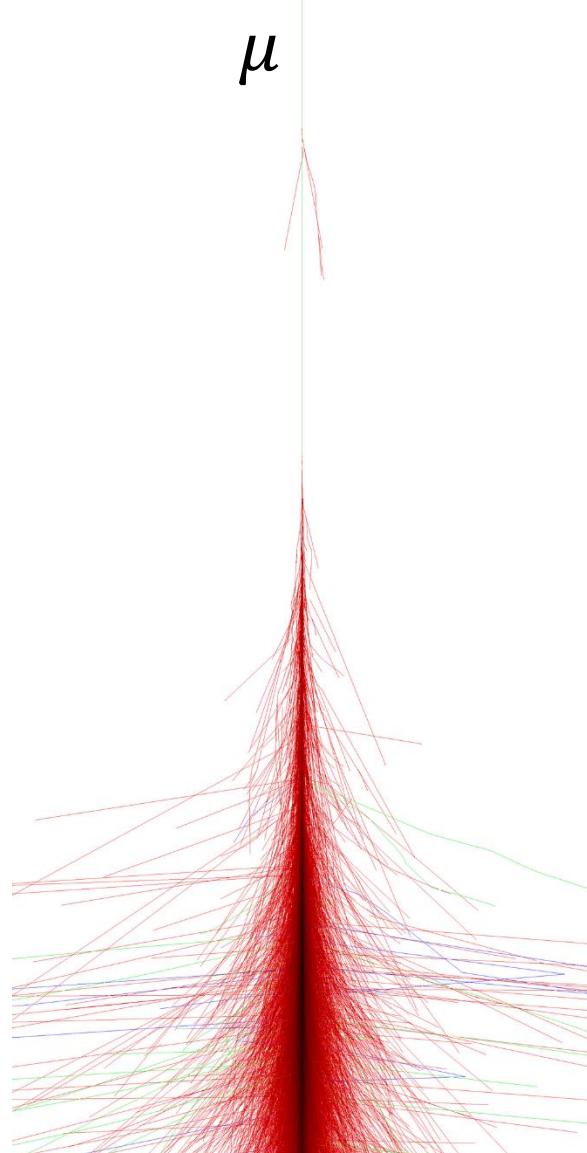
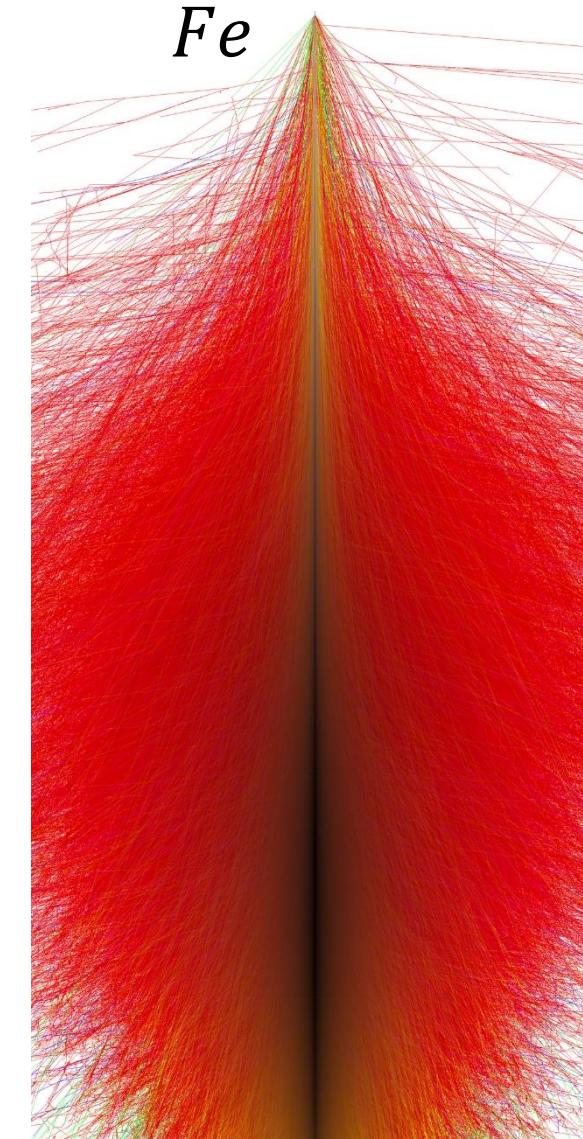
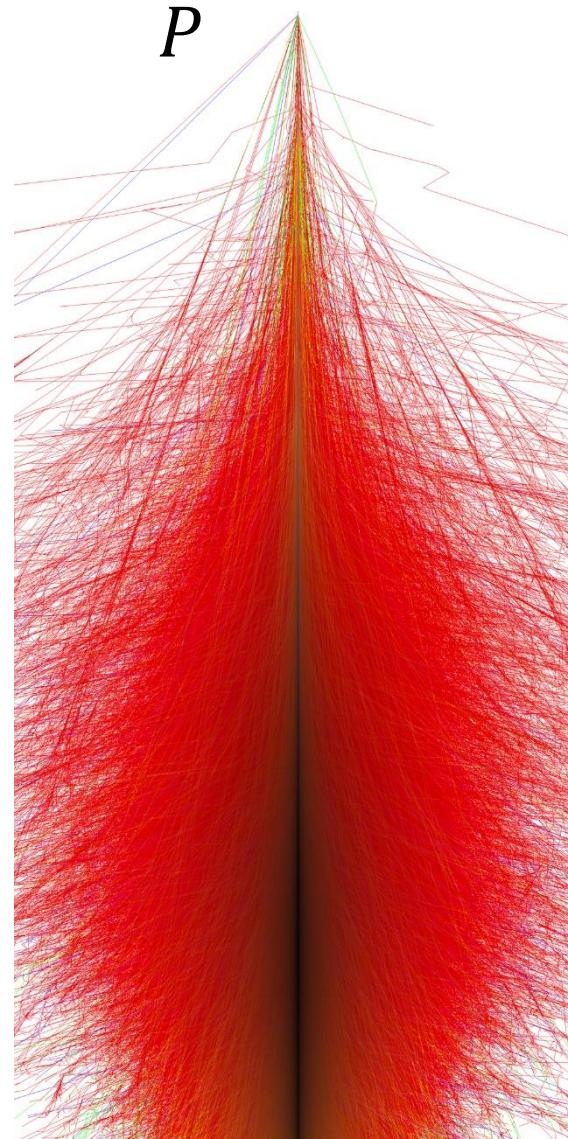
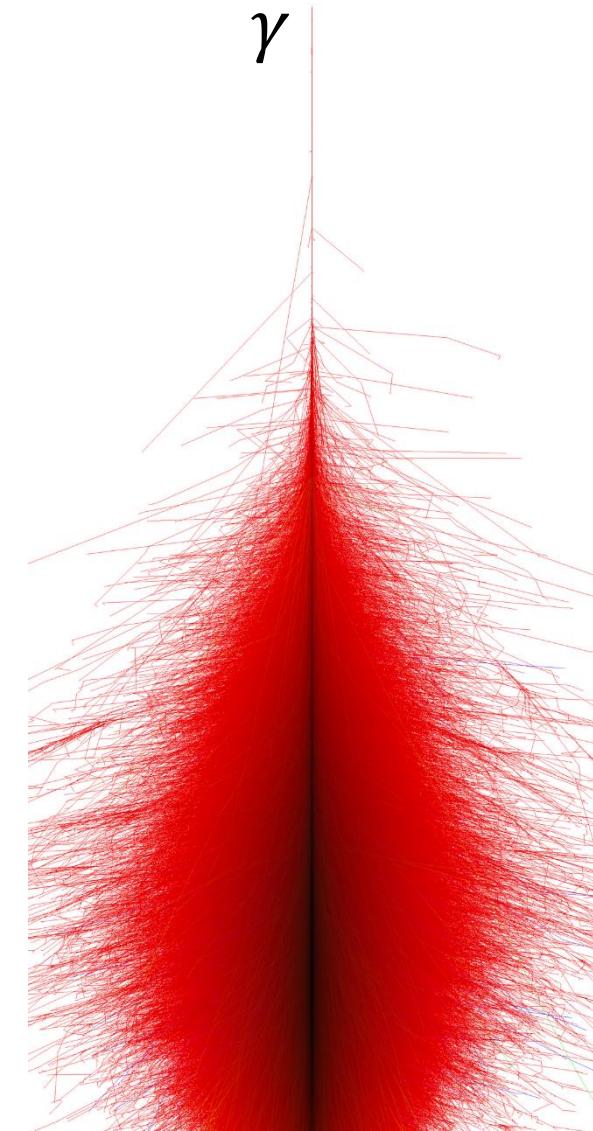
Tuned at collider energies (TeV) and extrapolated to  $10^{20}$  eV

<https://www.iap.kit.edu/corsika/index.php>

# CORSIKA in images

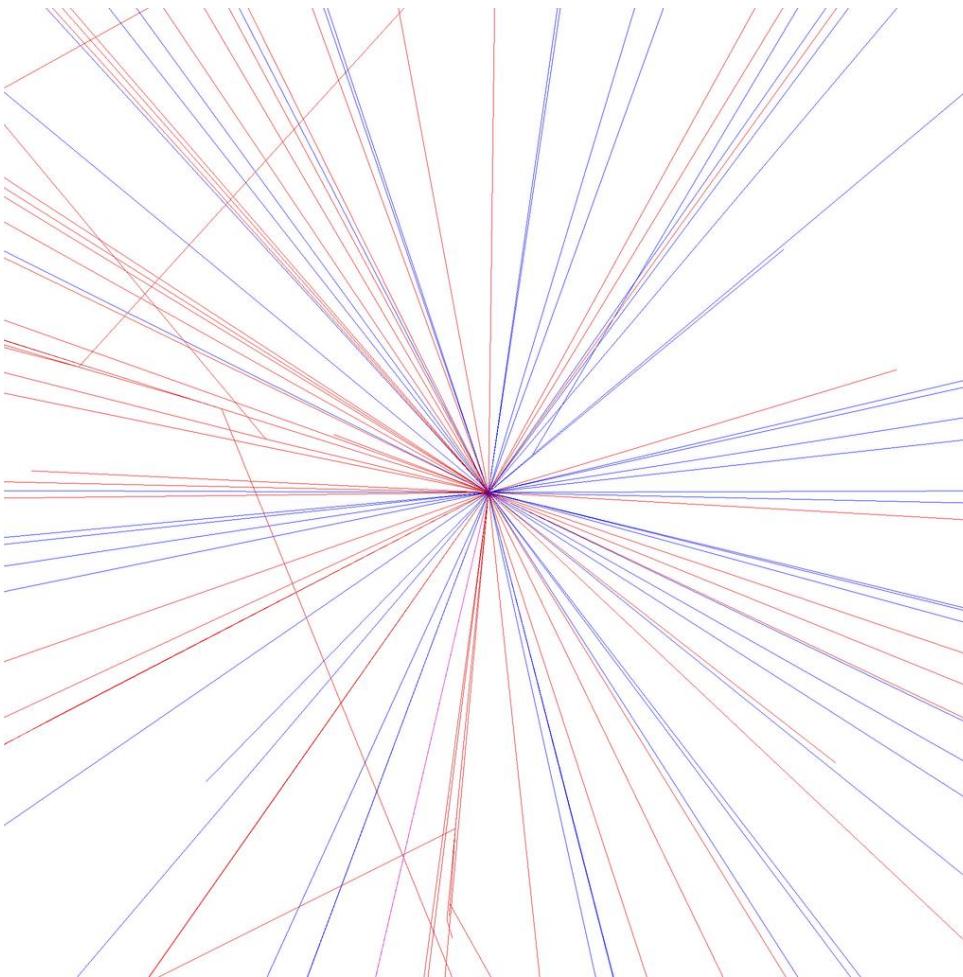
Electrons, positrons, gammas  
Muons, hadrons

$$E = 10^{15} eV, \theta = 0^\circ$$

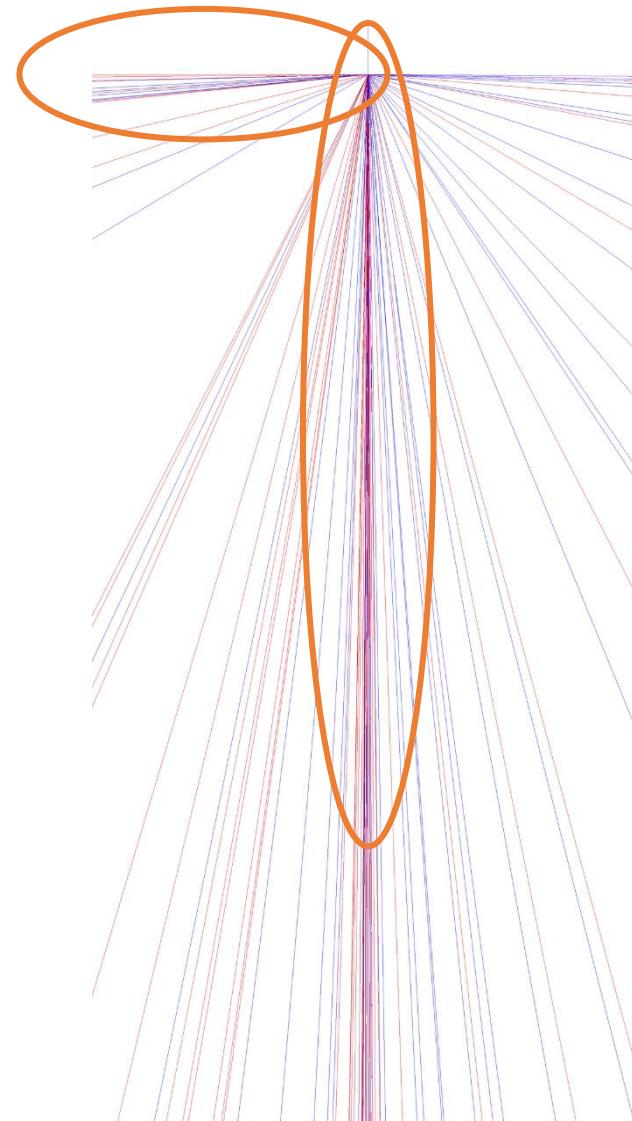


# $10^{20}$ eV Proton interaction

XY Projection



XZ Projection



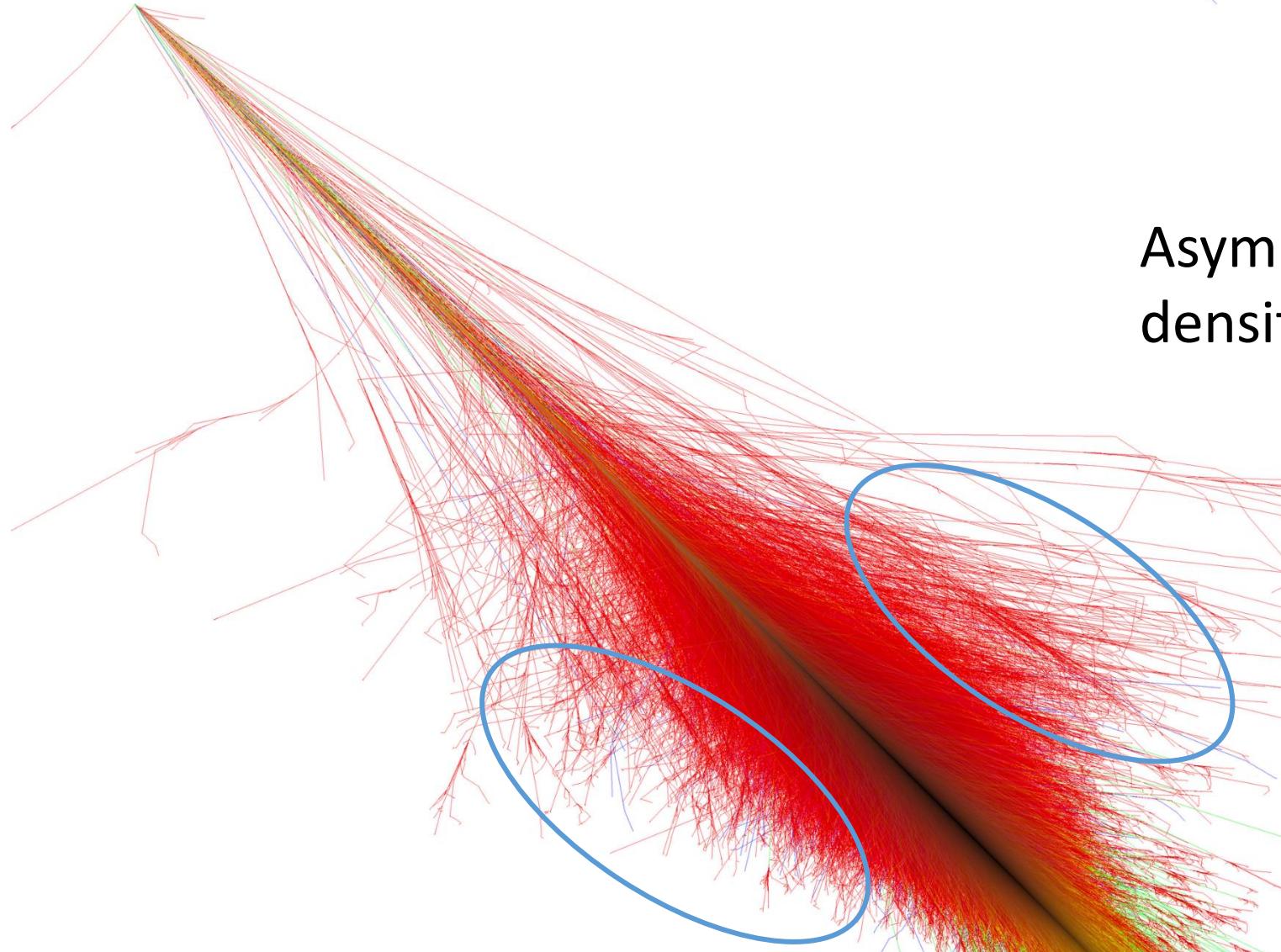
Isotropic in XY  
projection

Extreme forward and  
backward directions

Particles in the  
backward directions  
have  $\theta \leq \sim 90^\circ$

# Proton interaction

$$E = 10^{15} eV, \theta = 45^\circ$$

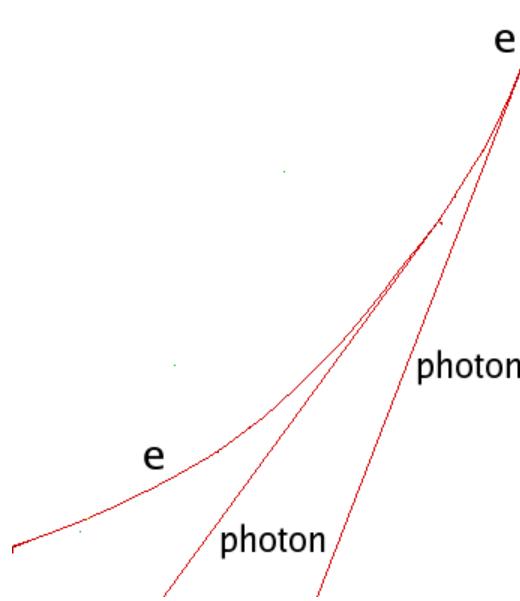


Asymmetry due to air density gradient

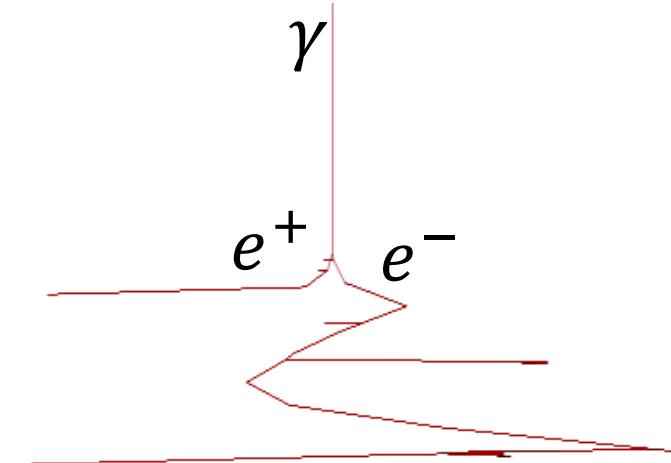
# Particle interactions in CORSIKA

## Electro-magnetic

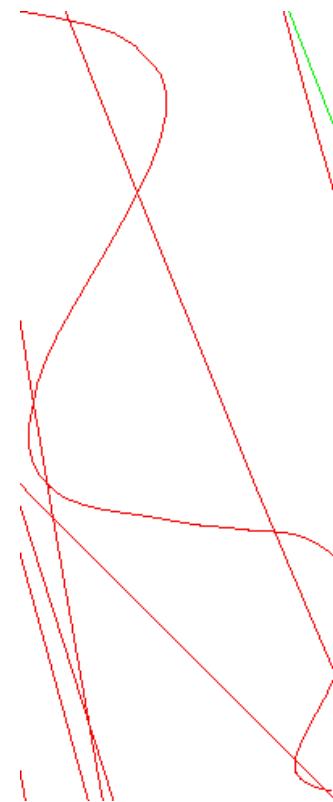
Bremsstrahlung



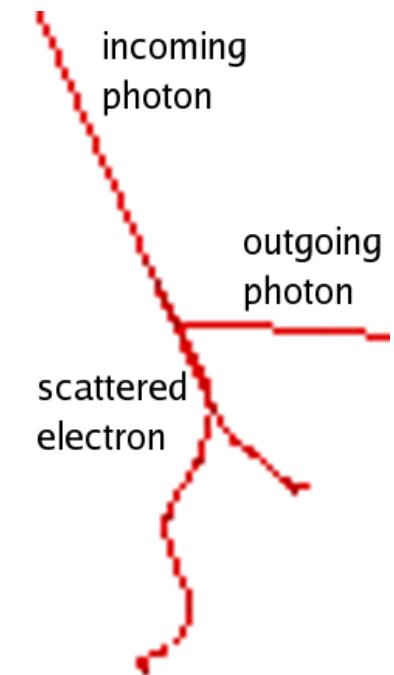
Pair Production



Magnetic deflection

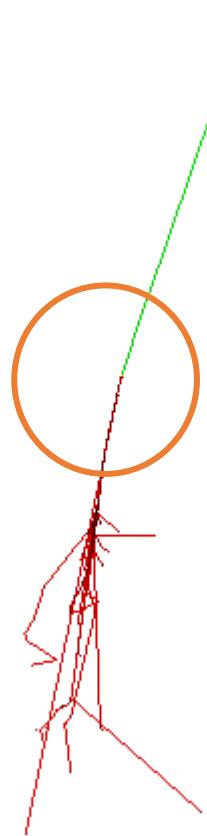


Compton scattering

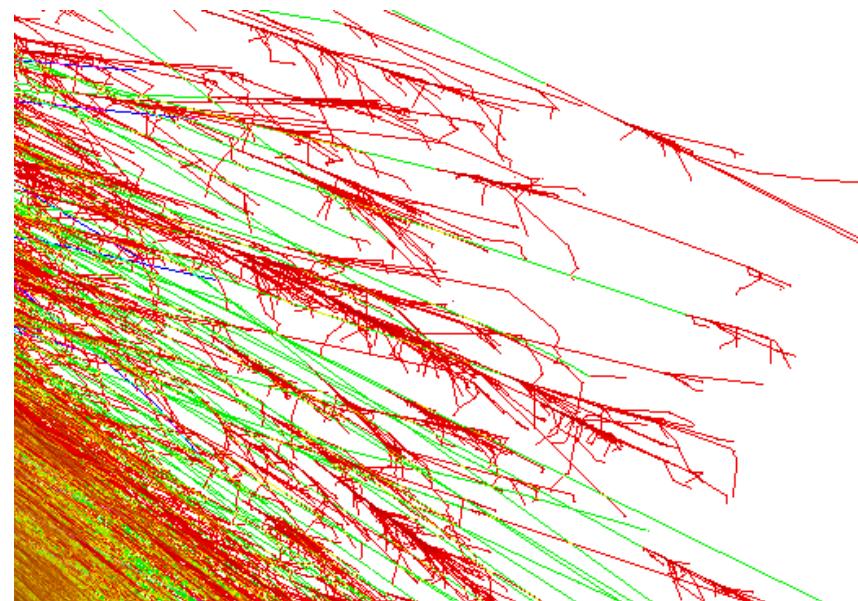


# Muon Interactions

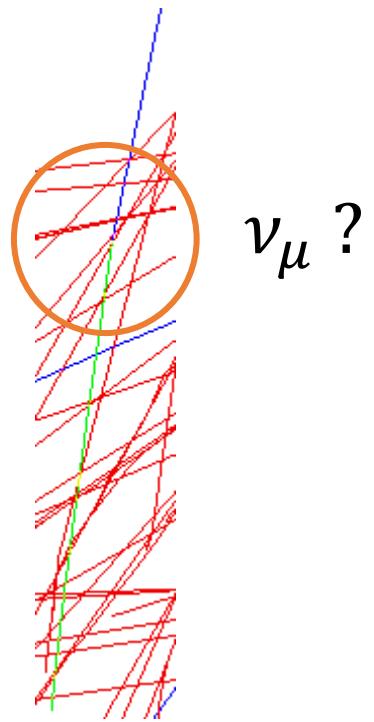
Muon decay



Outer region of shower

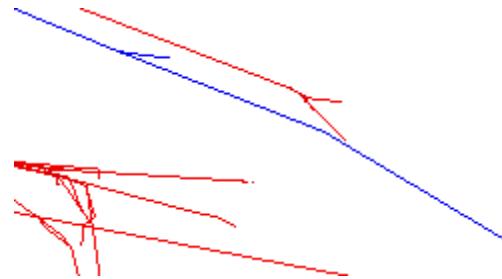


Charged Pion decay

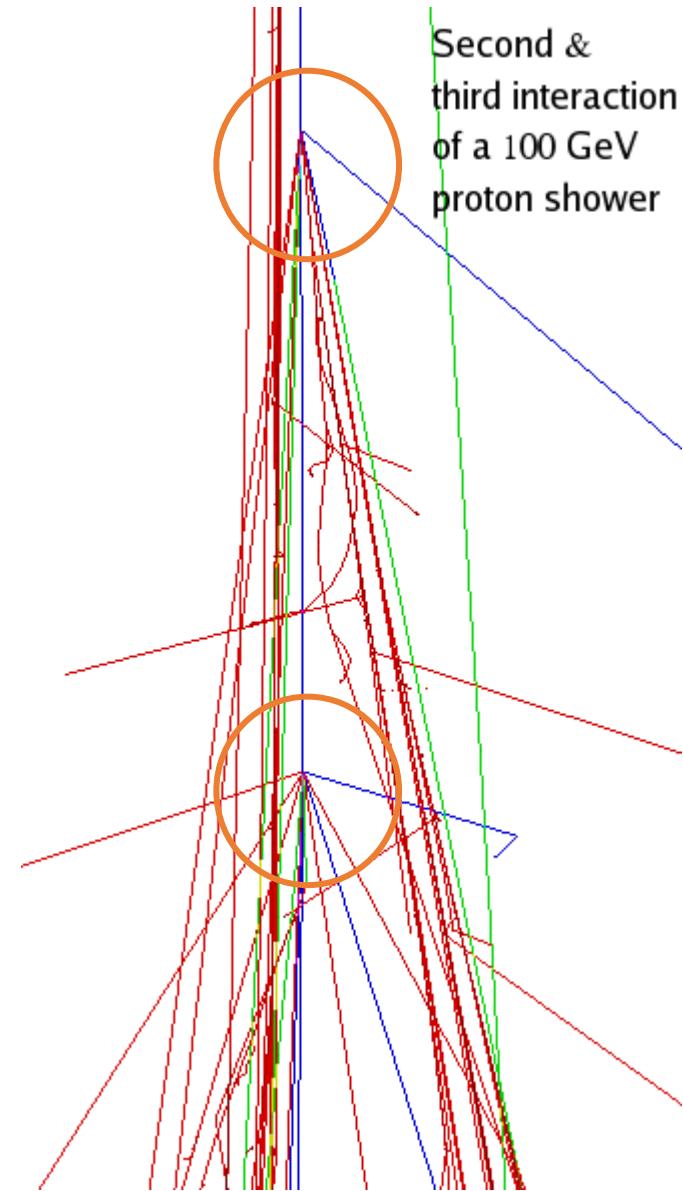
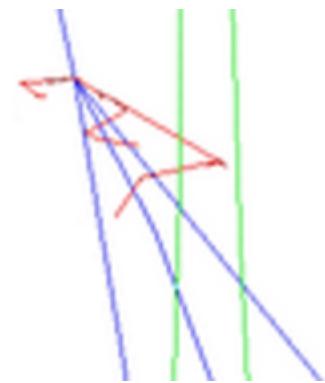


# Hadron Interactions

## Hadron-nucleus interaction



## Hadronic decay



# How to install ?

Download and unpack the code:

- from: <https://web.iap.kit.edu/corsika/download/corsika-v770/>
- Unpack using: `tar -xvf corsika-77410.tar.gz`
- Enter subdirectory: `cd corsika-77410`

For a “Normal” Linux distribution (gcc and gfortran):

- Execute: `./coconut`

# Options

## After ./cocunut

```
=====
Welcome to COCONUT (v3.1)
-- the CORSIKA Configuration UTility --

=====
create an executable of a specific CORSIKA version

Please read the documentation for a detailed description
of the options and how to use it.

Try './coconut -h' to get some help about COCONUT
Use './coconut --expert' to enable additional configuration steps.

(press 'Enter' to select an option followed by "[DEFAULT]" or "[CACHED]")
=====

*****
* INFO:
* You are using the cached configuration from "include/config.h".
* To turn off this you may use the --no-cache option.
*****


Compile in 32 or 64bit mode ?
1 - Force 32bit mode
2 - Use compiler default ('-m64' on a 64bit machine) [CACHED]

r - restart (reset all options to cached values)
x - exit make

(only one choice possible):
SELECTED      : NOM32
```

## Choosing energy models

```
Which high energy hadronic interaction model do you want to use ?
1 - DPMJET-III (2017.1) with PHOJET 1.20.0
2 - EPOS LHC
3 - NEXUS 3.97
4 - QGSJET 01C (enlarged commons)
5 - QGSJETII-04
6 - SIBYLL 2.3d [CACHED]
7 - VENUS 4.12

r - restart (reset all options to cached values)
x - exit make

(only one choice possible):

ADDING CHARM

SELECTED      : SIBYLL
```

```
Which low energy hadronic interaction model do you want to use ?
1 - GHEISHA 2002d (double precision)
2 - FLUKA-CERN
3 - FLUKA-INFN
4 - URQMD 1.3cr [CACHED]

r - restart (reset all options to cached values)
x - exit make
```

# Options

Which detector type to use?



Experiment !!

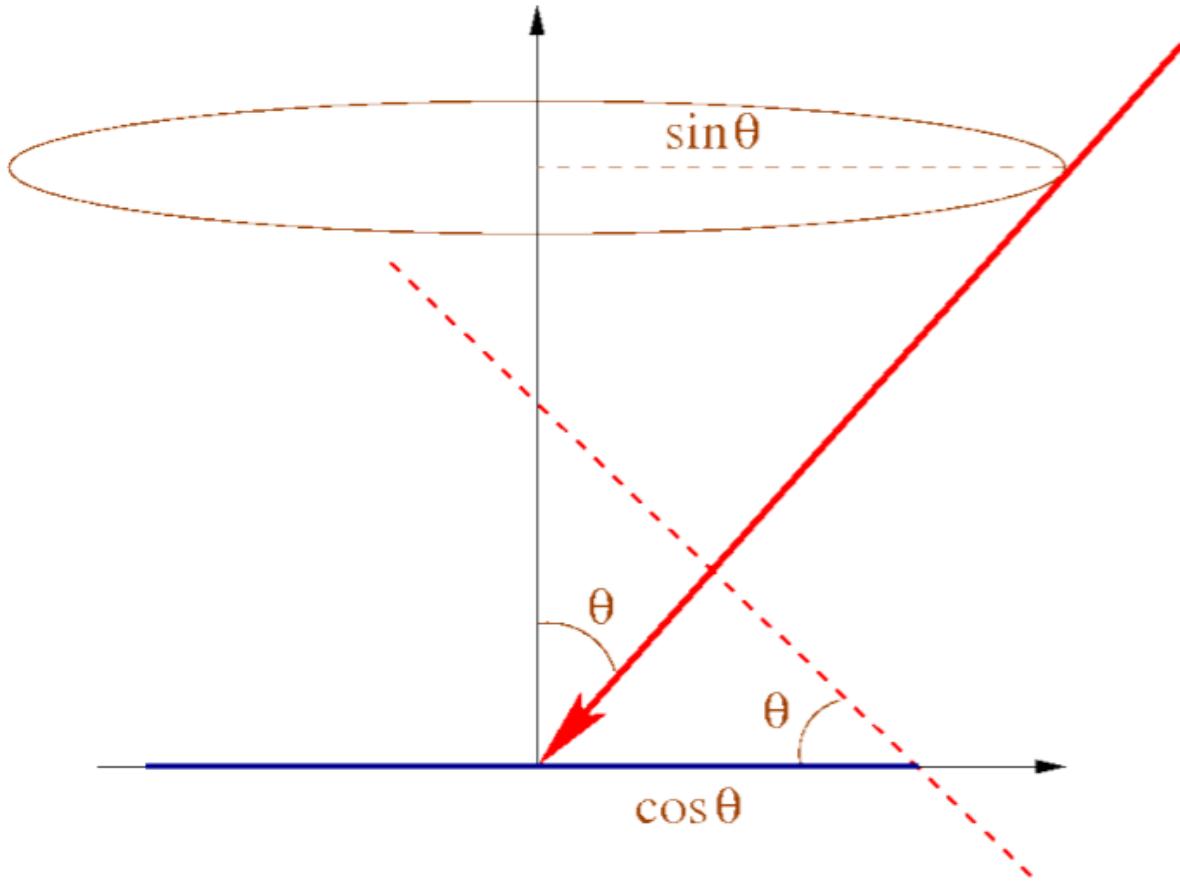
```
Which detector geometry do you have ?  
1 - horizontal flat detector array [CACHED]  
2 - non-flat (volume) detector geometry  
3 - vertical string detector geometry  
  
r - restart (reset all options to cached values)  
x - exit make  
  
(only one choice possible):
```

Flat: KASCADE, Pierre Auger Obs

Volume: Magic, HESS

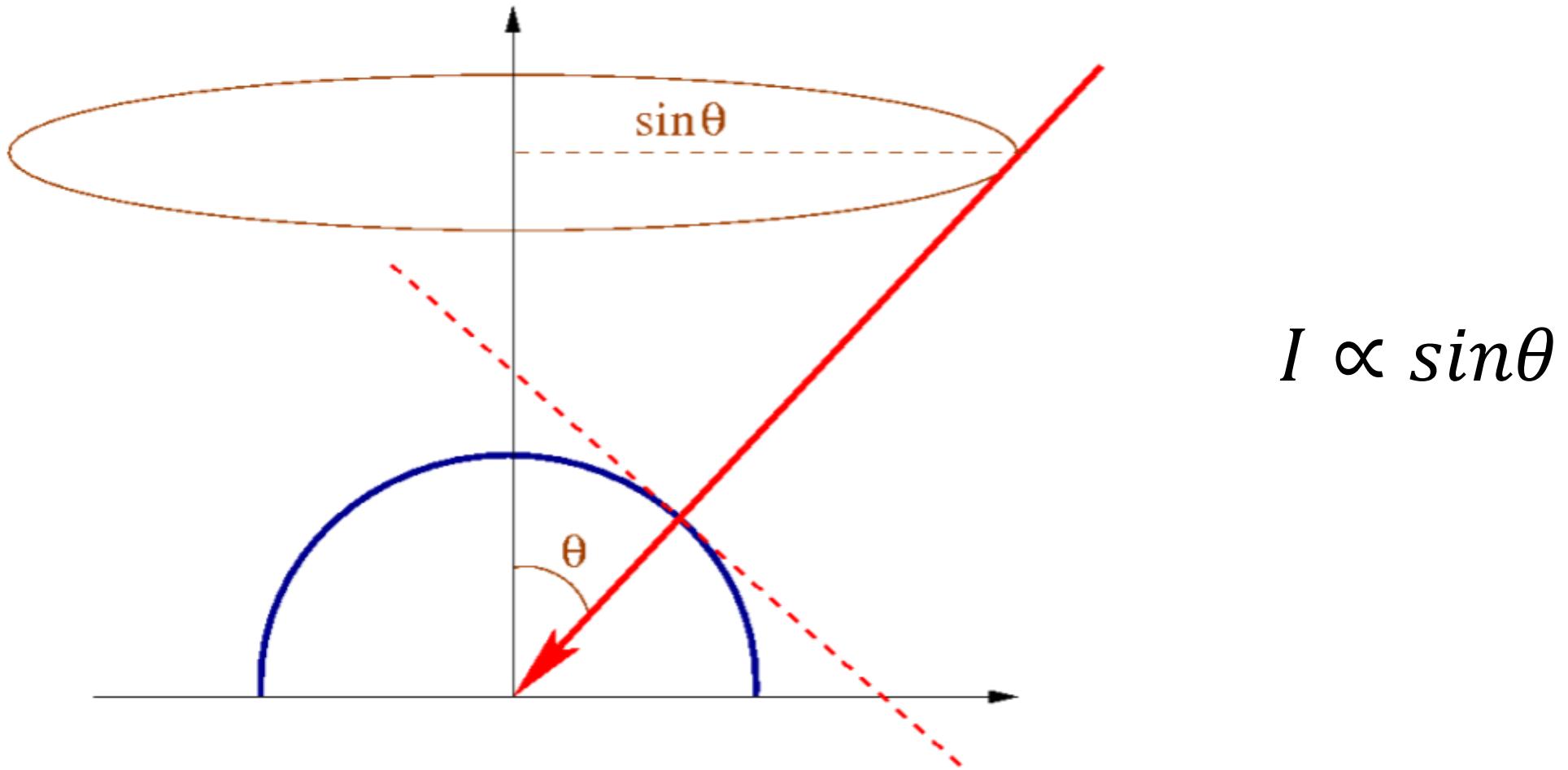
Vertical String: IceCube, Antares

## Horizontal flat detector

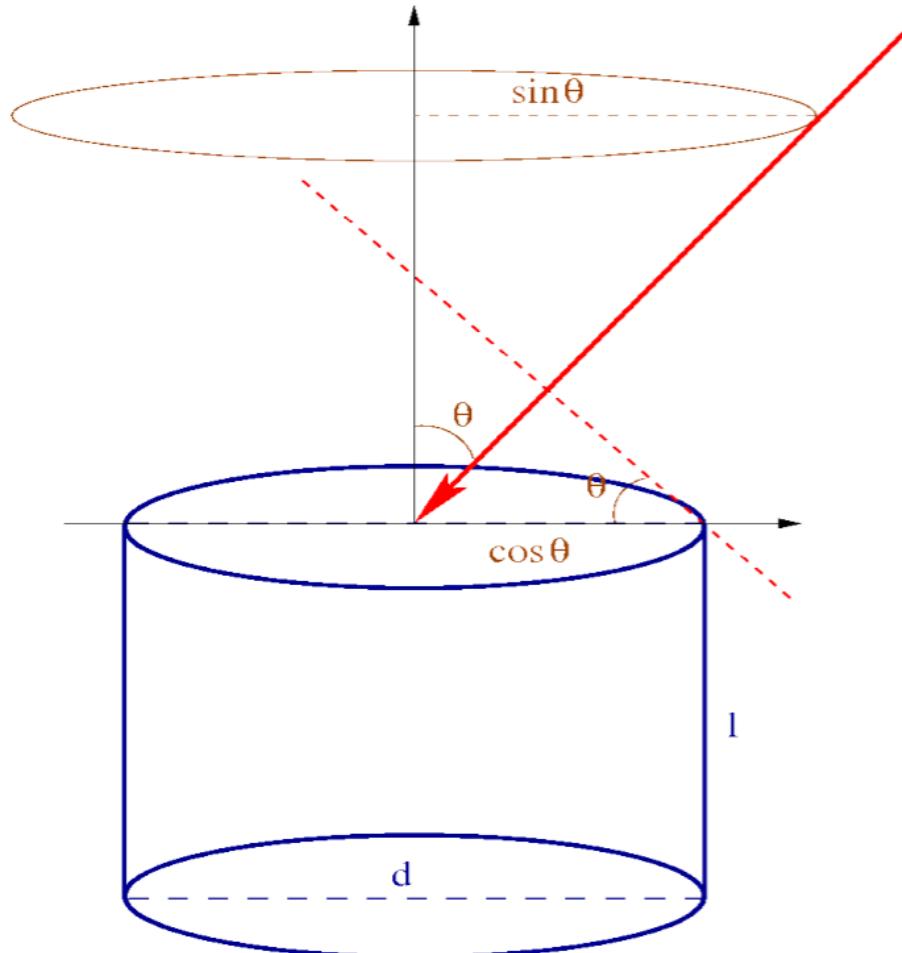


$$I \propto \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

## Non-flat (volume) detector



## Vertical string detector



$$I \propto \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 \pi \sin\theta (\cos\theta + \frac{4ld\sin\theta}{\pi})$$

# Options

Which additional CORSIKA program options do you need ?

```
1a - Cherenkov version
1b - Cherenkov version using Bernlohr IACT routines (for telescopes)
1c - apply atm. absorption, mirror reflectivity & quantum eff.
1d - Auger Cherenkov longitudinal distribution
1e - TRAJECTory version to follow motion of source on the sky
2 - LPM-effect without thinning
2a - THINning version (includes LPM)
2b - MULTIpole THINning version (includes LPM)
3 - PRESHOWER version for EeV gammas
4 - NEUTRINO version
4a - NUPRIM primary neutrino version with HERWIG
4b - ICECUBE1 FIFO version
4c - ICECUBE2 gzip/pipe output
5 - STACK INput of secondaries, no primary particle
6 - CHARMed particle/tau lepton version with PYTHIA
6a - TAU LEpton version with PYTHIA
7 - SLANT depth instead of vertical depth for longi-distribution
7a - CURVED atmosphere version
7b - UPWARD particles version
7c - VIEWCONE version
8a - shower PLOT version (PLOTH) (only for single events)
8b - shower PLOT(C) version (PLOTH2) (only for single events)
8c - ANALysis HISTos & THIN (instead of particle file)
8d - Auger-histo file & THIN
8e - MUON-histo file
9 - external atmosphere functions (table interpolation)
    (using bernlohr C-routines)
9a - EFIELD version for electrical field in atmosphere
9b - RIGIDITY Ooty version rejecting low-energy primaries entering Earth-magnetic field
10a - DYNAMIC intermediate particle STACK
10b - Remote Control for Corsika
a - CONEX for high energy MC and cascade equations
b - PARALLEL treatment of subshowers (includes LPM)
c - CoREAS Radio Simulations
d1 - Inclined observation plane
e - interaction test version (only for 1st interaction)
f - Auger-info file instead of dbase file
g - COMPACT particle output file
h - MUPROD to write decaying muons
h2 - prEHISTORY of muons: mother and grandmother
l - NRREXT enable run number extension
m - hit Auger detector (steered by AUGSCT)
-----
y - *** Reset selection ***
z - *** Finish selection *** [DEFAULT]

r - restart (reset all options to cached values)
x - exit make

(multiple selections accepted, leading '-' removes option):
```

Many other options i.e.:

- Cherenkov light
- Faster simulations (THINning)
- Parallelization
- Curved earth
- External atmosphere models
- E-field in atmosphere
- ...

# Shower Parameters

## CORSIKA input file

RUNNR	1	run number
EVTNR	1	number of first shower event
NSHOW	1	number of showers to generate
PRMPAR	14	particle type of prim. particle
ESLOPE	-2.7	slope of primary energy spectrum
ERANGE	1.E5 1.E5	energy range of primary particle
THETAP	20. 20.	range of zenith angle (degree)
PHIP	-180. 180.	range of azimuth angle (degree)
SEED	1 0 0	seed for 1. random number sequence
SEED	2 0 0	seed for 2. random number sequence
OBSLEV	110.E2	observation level (in cm)
FIXCHI	0.	starting altitude (g/cm**2)
MAGNET	20.0 42.8	magnetic field centr. Europe
HADFLG	0 0 0 0 0 2	flags hadr.interact.&fragmentation
ECUTS	0.3 0.3 0.003 0.003	energy cuts for particles
MUADDI	T	additional info for muons
MUMULT	T	muon multiple scattering angle
ELMFLG	T T	em. interaction flags (NKG,EGS)
STEPFC	1.0	mult. scattering step length fact.
RADNKG	200.E2	outer radius for NKG lat.dens.distr.
LONGI	T 10. T T	longit.distr. & step size & fit & out
MAXPRT	1	max. number of printed events
DIRECT	./	output directory
USER	you	user
DEBUG	F 6 F 1000000	debug flag and log.unit for out
EXIT		terminates input

## Executing a file:

`./corsika_executable < input_file`

## 3 types of controls:

- Shower parameters
- Options parameters
- Output parameters

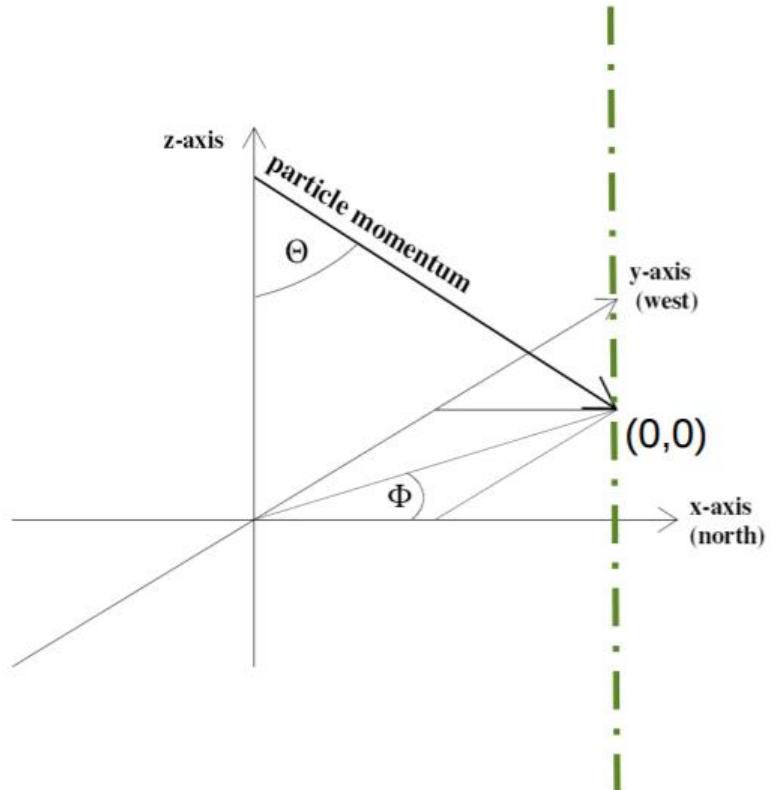
# Shower parameters

## CORSIKA particle identification

Particle identifications			
Identification	Particle	Identification	Particle
1	$\gamma$	50	$\omega$
2	$e^+$	51	$\rho^\circ$
3	$e^-$	52	$\rho^+$
		53	$\rho^-$
5	$\mu^+$	54	$\Delta^{++}$
6	$\mu^-$	55	$\Delta^+$
7	$\pi^\circ$	56	$\Delta^\circ$
8	$\pi^+$	57	$\Delta^-$
9	$\pi^-$	58	$\bar{\Delta}^{--}$
10	$K_L^\circ$	59	$\bar{\Delta}^-$
11	$K^+$	60	$\bar{\Delta}^\circ$
12	$K^-$	61	$\bar{\Delta}^+$
13	$n$	62	$K^{*0}$
14	$p$	63	$K^{*+}$
15	$\bar{p}$	64	$\bar{K}^{*-}$
16	$K_S^\circ$	65	$\bar{K}^{*0}$
17	$\eta$	66	$\nu_e$
18	$\Lambda$	67	$\bar{\nu}_e$
19	$\Sigma^+$	68	$\nu_\mu$
20	$\Sigma^\circ$	69	$\bar{\nu}_\mu$
21	$\Sigma^-$		
22	$\Xi^\circ$	71	$\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
23	$\Xi^-$	72	$\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^\circ$
24	$\Omega^-$	73	$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^\circ$
25	$\bar{n}$	74	$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$
26	$\bar{\Lambda}$	75	$\mu^+$ add. info.
27	$\bar{\Sigma}^-$	76	$\mu^-$ add. info.
28	$\bar{\Sigma}^\circ$		
29	$\bar{\Sigma}^+$	85	decaying $\mu^+$ at start <sup>94</sup>
30	$\Xi^\circ$	86	decaying $\mu^-$ at start <sup>94</sup>
31	$\Xi^+$		
32	$\bar{\Omega}^+$	95	decaying $\mu^+$ at end <sup>94</sup>
48	$\eta'$	96	decaying $\mu^-$ at end <sup>94</sup>
49	$\phi$		

Particle identifications (continued)			
Identification	Particle	Identification	Particle
116	$D^\circ$	155	$\Xi_c^{/-}$
117	$D^+$	156	$\Xi_c^/\circ$
118	$\bar{D}^-$	157	$\Omega_c^\circ$
119	$\bar{D}^\circ$		
120	$D_s^+$	161	$\Sigma_c^{*++}$
121	$\bar{D}_s^-$	162	$\Sigma_c^+$
122	$\eta_c$	163	$\Sigma_c^{*0}$
123	$D^{*0}$		
124	$D^{*+}$	171	$\Sigma_c^{*- -}$
125	$\bar{D}^{*-}$	172	$\Sigma_c^*$
126	$\bar{D}^{*0}$	173	$\Sigma_c^*\circ$
127	$D_s^{*+}$		
128	$\bar{D}_s^{*-}$	176	$B^\circ$
		177	$B^+$
130	$J/\psi$	178	$\bar{B}^-$
131	$\tau^+$	179	$\bar{B}^\circ$
132	$\tau^-$	180	$B_s^\circ$
133	$\nu_\tau$	181	$\bar{B}_s$
134	$\bar{\nu}_\tau$	182	$B_c^+$
		183	$\bar{B}_c^-$
137	$\Lambda_c^+$	184	$\Lambda_b^\circ$
138	$\Xi_c^+$	185	$\Sigma_b^-$
139	$\Xi_c^\circ$	186	$\Sigma_b^+$
140	$\Sigma_c^{*+}$	187	$\Xi_b^\circ$
141	$\Sigma_c^+$	188	$\Xi_b^-$
142	$\Sigma_c^\circ$	189	$\Omega_b^\circ$
143	$\Xi_c^{*+}$	190	$\Lambda_b$
144	$\Xi_c^/\circ$	191	$\Sigma_b^+$
145	$\Omega_c^\circ$	192	$\Sigma_b^-$
		193	$\Xi_b^\circ$
149	$\bar{\Lambda}_c^-$	194	$\Xi_b^+$
150	$\Xi_c^-$	195	$\Omega_b^+$
151	$\Xi_c^-$		
152	$\bar{\Sigma}_c^{--}$		
153	$\bar{\Sigma}_c^-$		
154	$\Sigma_c^-$		
$A \times 100 + Z$		nucleus of Z protons and A - Z neutrons ( $2 \leq A \leq 56$ )	
8888jjj		weights of preceding particle (MULTITHIN option)	
9900		Cherenkov photons on particle output file	

## CORSIKA reference system



reference axis  
used in many  
experiments

# Hands-On !!

CORSIKA is a good program but not perfect

Cosmic shower simulation is a heavy and long computer task

Wait for CORSIKA 8 with new improvements and more user friendly

# Questions?